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# Licensing Sub-Committee Agenda



To: Councillor Robert Canning, Karen Jewitt and Margaret Bird

A meeting of the **Licensing Sub-Committee** which you are hereby summoned to attend, will be held on **Tuesday, 28 September 2021** at **10.00 am.** This meeting will be held remotely and members will be sent a link to attend the meeting.

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www.croydon.gov.uk/meetings
Monday, 24 September 2021

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If you require any assistance, please contact Tariq Aniemeka-Bailey on 020 8726 6000 x 64109 as detailed above.



#### AGENDA - PART A

# 1. Appointment of Chair

To appoint a Chair for the duration of the meeting.

# 2. Apologies for Absence

To receive any apologies for absence from any members of the Committee.

#### 3. Disclosure of Interests

In accordance with the Council's Code of Conduct and the statutory provisions of the Localism Act, Members and co-opted Members of the Council are reminded that it is a requirement to register disclosable pecuniary interests (DPIs) and gifts and hospitality to the value of which exceeds £50 or multiple gifts and/or instances of hospitality with a cumulative value of £50 or more when received from a single donor within a rolling twelve month period. In addition, Members and co-opted Members are reminded that unless their disclosable pecuniary interest is registered on the register of interests or is the subject of a pending notification to the Monitoring Officer, they are required to disclose those disclosable pecuniary interests at the meeting. This should be done by completing the Disclosure of Interest form and handing it to the Democratic Services representative at the start of the meeting. The Chair will then invite Members to make their disclosure orally at the commencement of Agenda item 3. Completed disclosure forms will be provided to the Monitoring Officer for inclusion on the Register of Members' Interests.

# 4. Urgent Business (if any)

To receive notice of any business not on the agenda which in the opinion of the Chair, by reason of special circumstances, be considered as a matter of urgency.

# 5. LICENSING ACT 2003 - Temporary Event Notice subject to Pollution Team (EH) Objection Notice (Pages 5 - 48)

The purpose of this report is to advise the Sub-Committee that a temporary event notice has been given to the licensing authority under the Licensing Act 2003 ("the Act"). This temporary event notice is the subject of an objection notice from the Council's Pollution Team, therefore a hearing is required.

#### 6. Exclusion of the Press and Public

The following motion is to be moved and seconded where it is proposed to exclude the press and public from the remainder of a meeting:

"That, under Section 100A(4) of the Local Government Act, 1972, the press and public be excluded from the meeting for the following items of business on the grounds that it involves the likely disclosure of exempt information falling within those paragraphs indicated in Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972, as amended."

# **PART B**



REPORT TO:	LICENSING SUB COMMITTEE 28 September 2021
AGENDA ITEM:	
SUBJECT:	LICENSING ACT 2003 – Temporary Event Notice subject to Pollution Team (EH) Objection Notice
LEAD OFFICER:	Interim Executive Director, Place Department
CABINET MEMBER:	Cllr. Manju Shahul-Hameed, Cabinet Member for Communities, Safety & Business Recovery
WARDS:	Addiscombe East

#### **CORPORATE PRIORITY/POLICY CONTEXT:**

This report is specific to this application and has no implications on the Council's Corporate Policies.

#### **FINANCIAL SUMMARY:**

This temporary event notice is being processed as part of normal duties carried out by the Department with no additional costs involved.

FORWARD PLAN KEY DECISION REFERENCE NO.: N/A

# For general release

# 1. RECOMMENDATIONS

1.1 The Sub-Committee is asked to consider the objection notice given by the Council's Pollution Team in respect of a temporary event notice given by Fouleymata Seaka for a proposed event at 89 Lower Addiscombe Road, Croydon, CR0 6PT.

# 2. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

2.1 The purpose of this report is to advise the Sub-Committee that a temporary event notice has been given to the licensing authority under the Licensing Act 2003 ("the Act"). This temporary event notice is the subject of an objection notice from the Council's Pollution Team, therefore a hearing is required.

#### 3. DETAIL

3.1 A Protocol for Licensing Hearings and a Procedure for Licensing Sub-Committee Hearings has previously been agreed by the Licensing Committee (minute A/24/05 refers). The protocol has been subsequently amended by the licensing committee (minutes A/32/06, A/40/07 and A/07/12 refer and the Protocol was last amended by the licensing committee on 30 September 2020, minute 15/20 refers).

- 3.2 The proposed premises user and the Pollution Team have been notified of the hearing in accordance with the Licensing Act 2003 (Hearings) Regulations 2005 and Licensing Act 2003 (Hearings) (Amendment) Regulations 2005 "the Regulations". Information to accompany the notice of hearing was provided to the proposed premises user and the Pollution Team in accordance with "the Regulations".
- 3.3 Appendix A to this report provides details of this matter.

#### 4. FINANCIAL CONSIDERATIONS

# 1 Revenue and Capital consequences of report recommendations

There are no direct financial implications associated with this report, subject to the risks at 4.2 & 4.3. This application is being processed as part of normal duties and therefore the work associated with it is contained within the departmental budget.

#### 2 The effect of the decision

The decision of the Sub-Committee may be subject to appeal and/or Judicial Review

# 3 Risks

An appeal against a decision of the Sub-Committee or a Judicial Review of the application process may present financial risks to the Council with regard to any award of costs against it.

# 4 Options

The options available are: to grant the application, to vary the application, with or without further conditions, or to refuse the application.

# 5 Savings/ future efficiencies

None identified.

6 (Approved by: Flora Osiyemi, Head of Finance Place, Residents & Gateway)

#### 5. COMMENTS OF THE SOLICITOR TO THE COUNCIL

5.1 The Head of Litigation and Corporate Law comments on behalf of the Director of Law and Governance that the sub-committee must determine the matter,

taking into account relevant representations, the Licensing Act 2003, the regulations made thereunder statutory guidance and the Council's own licensing policy.

(Approved by Sandra Herbert, Head of Litigation and Corporate law on behalf of the Director of Law and Governance and Deputy Monitoring Officer).

#### 6. HUMAN RESOURCES IMPACT

- 6.1 The Human Resources impact of supporting the Licensing Hearings will be contained within the budgeted establishments of the Democratic and Legal Services and Licensing Teams.
- 6.2 (Approved for and on behalf of Sue Moorman, HR Director, by Jennifer Sankar, Head of HR Place).

#### 7. EQUALITIES IMPACT

7.1 The arrangements for the Licensing Hearings seek to ensure that all applicants and other interested parties receive a fair hearing and that the process is accessible to all groups within the community.

#### 8. ENVIRONMENTAL AND DESIGN IMPACT

8.1 The effective implementation of the Licensing Act 2003 will contribute to an improved environment for local residents and other stakeholders.

#### 9. LICENSING OBJECTIVES IMPACT

- 9.1 The licensing objectives contained in the Act are:
  - the prevention of crime and disorder
  - public safety
  - the prevention of public nuisance and
  - the protection of children from harm.
- 9.2 Officers comments and relevant representations on the impact of the application on these objectives appear in Appendix A to the application.

# 10. HUMAN RIGHTS IMPACT

- 10.1 The Human Rights 1998 (HRA) requires public bodies to ensure everything they do is compatible with Convention Rights and makes it unlawful for a public authority to act incompatibly with those Rights. **Article 6 (A6)** of the European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR) is the right to a fair trial. The key elements of this include:
  - The right to a *fair* hearing;
  - The right to a *public* hearing;
  - The right to a hearing before an independent and impartial tribunal;
  - The right to a hearing within a reasonable time.

- 10.2 When hearing an application, the proceedings of a non-judicial body such as the Licensing Sub Committee, as opposed to an actual Court, need not meet the full requirements of A6 where there is a right of appeal from the Licensing Sub Committee to a Court that <u>does</u> meet the full A6 standards <u>and</u> can consider all aspects of the case (even if that does not include a full re-hearing of the facts).
- 10.3 So, while it is good practice to make a hearing before the Licensing Sub Committee as A6 compliant as possible, it will not be a breach of the HRA if it is not. Further, the hearing of all applications is subject to the principles of Natural Justice and the requirement for decisions to be 'Wednesbury reasonable'.

# 11. FREEDOM OF INFORMATION/DATA PROTECTION CONSIDERATIONS

11.1 Protocols agreed in relation to Licensing Hearings are within the Council's Constitution and will be accessible as part of the Council's Publication Scheme maintained under the Freedom of Information Act.

**CONTACT OFFICER:** Michael Goddard, Head of Environmental Health,

Trading Standards and Licensing, Place

Department ext. 61838

**BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS:** Application Forms

Licensing Hearings and Protocol and Procedure

# **APPENDIX A**

# 1. The Notice

- 1.1 This report concerns a temporary event notice given by Fouleymata Seaka in respect of a proposed event at 89 Lower Addiscombe Road, Croydon on 2nd and 3rd October 2021. The notice was received by the Licensing Team on 16 September 2021.
- 1.2 The notice was given under section 100 of the Licensing Act 2003.
- 1.3 The Council's Pollution Team (Environmental Health) have given an 'objection notice' regarding the temporary event notice under section 104 of the Licensing Act 2003.
- 1.4 A copy of the temporary event notice (TEN) is attached at Appendix A1.
- 1.5 A copy of the objection notice is attached at Appendix A2.
- 1.6 A premises licence under the Licensing Act 2003 is in place for 89 Lower Addiscombe Road. A copy is attached at Appendix A3.
- 1.7 An ordnance survey extract map of the area, with the premises shown at the centre is attached at Appendix A4.

# 2 Policy Considerations

- 2.1 Under the terms of the Act, the Council has published a Statement of Licensing Policy. This is available on the Council website at <a href="www.croydon.gov.uk">www.croydon.gov.uk</a>. Hard copies are also available from the Council's Place Department and copies of the policy will also be available at the licensing sub committee hearing. The following paragraphs from the Statement are considered particularly relevant with regard to this application:
- 4.8 The fundamental principles of the Act and its accompanying guidance are that nothing in this 'Statement of Policy' will:
  - undermine the rights of any person to apply under the 2003 Act for a variety of permissions and have each application considered on its individual merits, or,
  - override the right of any person to make representations on any application or seek a review of a licence or certificate where they are permitted to do so under the 2003 Act.
- 4.9 Parties should be aware that, for a representation to be considered relevant, it must be one that is about the likely effect of the grant of a new licence/certificate or variation of an existing licence/certificate on the promotion of the four licensing objectives. Also, if the representation is made by an 'other person', it will not be relevant if the licensing authority considers it to be 'vexatious or frivolous', or in the case of a review, 'repetitious'.

- 4.10 Applicants and those making relevant representations in respect of applications or seeking a review of a licence or a certificate have the right of appeal to the Magistrates' Court against the decisions of the Council.
- 4.11 In considering all licence/certificate applications, the Council will take into account the character of the surrounding area, the impact of the licence/certificate on that area and the nature and character of the operation.
- 4.12 As part of any application for a premises licence/club premises certificate or a variation to an existing licence/certificate, applicants are required to submit an 'Operating Schedule', which must include the steps proposed to promote the Licensing Objectives set out in paragraph 2.2.
- 4.13 Part 5 of this Statement gives guidance to applicants on some of the matters they may wish to consider when preparing their Operating Schedules.
- 4.14 Licensing is about permitting activities but also ensuring the responsible management of licensed premises, qualifying clubs and temporary events within the terms of the 2003 Act, and conditions are likely to be attached to licences, certificates and permissions that will cover matters which are within the control of individual licensees.
- 4.15 However, the Council acknowledges that it can only impose conditions where relevant representations have been received on an application and that such conditions must be considered necessary for the promotion of the licensing objectives. Where no relevant representations have been made, the application will be granted by the licensing authority in terms consistent with the applicants operating schedule.
- 4.16 When considering these conditions, the Council will primarily focus on the direct impact of the activities taking place at licensed premises on members of the public living, working or engaged in normal activity in the area concerned.

# **NEED and CUMULATIVE IMPACT**

- 4.17 The Council will not take 'need' into account when considering an application, as this concerns 'commercial demand' and is a matter for the planning process and the market.
- 4.18 However, the Council recognises that a significant number and type of licensed premises in a particular area may lead to problems of crime, disorder and nuisance and notes that in accordance with the Statutory Guidance to the Act, their cumulative impact on the promotion of the licensing objectives is a proper matter for the Council to consider. For example, national analysis of alcohol sales data (sales in the on and off trade) has shown a positive association at local authority level between off-trade sales and alcohol-specific hospital admissions.

- 4.19 Where the Council recognises that there is such a cumulative effect it will consider adopting a specific Cumulative Impact Policy for that area, if this is shown to be necessary. Reducing availability, affordability and attractiveness are some of the most effective ways to reduce alcohol-harm and related crime.
- 4.20 In these circumstances, the Council may consider that the imposition of conditions is unlikely to address the apparent problems and may consider the adoption of a special policy whereby there will be a presumption that new premises licence or club premises certificate applications, or applications to materially vary a premises licence, will be refused. A material variation may be, for example, an increase in permitted hours or to add a licensable activity onto a premises licence.
- 4.21 Based on the Statutory Guidance to the Act, in deciding whether to adopt such a Policy in an area, the Council will consider the following:
  - local crime and disorder statistics, including statistics on specific types of crime and crime hotspots
  - statistics on local anti-social behaviour offences
  - the density and number of current premises selling alcohol
  - Alcohol use and misuse in Croydon's population
  - Claimants of benefits due to alcoholism
  - Alcohol specific hospital admissions for under 18's
  - Ambulance incidents and dispatches
  - Alcohol related road traffic accidents
  - Statistics on alcohol related emergency attendances and hospital admissions
  - Mortality
  - Complaints recorded by the local authority
  - Evidence from local councillors and
  - Evidence obtained through local consultation.
- 4.22 There are concerns about parts of the borough which experience high levels of alcohol related crime and alcohol related hospital admissions and where it is clear that the density of shops selling alcohol for consumption off the premises is significantly higher than in other parts of the borough.
- 4.23 As a result, the Council has considered it appropriate to designate, the following four areas within Croydon as being subject to a special Cumulative Impact Policy in respect of off licences and shops and supermarkets selling alcohol off the premises:
  - i. Along the Brighton Road; South End; High Street, George Street corridor, from the Royal Oak Centre on Brighton Road, Purley to the junction of George Street and Cherry Orchard Road in Central Croydon
  - ii Along the London Road/Streatham High Road corridor, in 3 sections; from the junction of London Road and Tamworth Road in West Croydon to the j/w Canterbury Road; from the j/w Broughton Road to the j/w Melrose

- Avenue and; from the j/w Northborough Road to the borough boundary with London Borough of Lambeth
- iii Along the Brigstock Road and High Street, Thornton Heath corridor, from the junction of Brigstock Road and London Road in Thornton Heath to the junction of High Street, Thornton Heath and Whitehorse Lane
- iv Along the length of Central Parade, New Addington
- 4.24 The effect of a Cumulative Impact Zone Policy for each of the areas listed above is that where relevant representations are received on any new applications for a premises licence to sell alcohol off the premises, or on a material variation to an existing such premises licence there will be a presumption under the special policy that the application will be refused. A material variation would be, for example, an increase in permitted hours for the sale of alcohol or to add the sale of alcohol off the premises as a licensable activity to the premises licence.
- 4.25 The Cumulative Impact Policy is intended to be strict, and will only be overridden in genuinely exceptional circumstances. However, the Licensing Authority will not apply these policies inflexibly. It will always consider the individual circumstances of each application; even where an application is made for a proposal that is apparently contrary to policy.
- 4.26 It is not possible to give a full list of examples of when the council may treat an application as an exception. However, in considering whether a particular case is exceptional, the Licensing Authority will consider the reasons underlying the policy.
- 4.27 The Licensing Authority will not consider a case to be exceptional merely on the grounds that the premises have been or will be operated within the terms of the conditions on the licence, or that are or will be generally well managed because of the reputation or good character of the licence holder or operator. This is expected in the conduct of all licensed premises. Moreover, licences are for premises and can be easily transferred to others who intend to operate within the scope of the licence and its conditions.
- 4.28 The Council will review the special policies regularly to see whether they have had the effect intended and whether they are still needed or whether they need expanding.
- 4.29 The Council will not use these policies solely:
  - As the grounds for removing a licence when representations are received about problems with existing licensed premises, or,
  - To refuse modifications to a licence, except where the modifications are directly relevant to the policy, for example where the application is for an extension in permitted hours or to add a licensable activity.

- 4.30 The Council recognises though that where no relevant representations are made in relation to an application in a cumulative impact area, the application must be granted in terms consistent with the applicants operating schedule.
- 4.31 The Council recognises that the diversity of premises selling alcohol, serving food and providing entertainment covers a wide range of contrasting styles and characteristics and will have full regard to those differences and the differing impact these will have on the local community.
- 4.32 Where an application is made for a new or transfer and variation of a licence, in respect of premises that have closed and been unused and that closure was to a relevant extent as a consequence of crime and disorder and/or nuisance issues at the premises, the Council would expect the applicant to make clear in their operating schedule how they will ensure the crime and disorder and public nuisance objectives will be met, bearing in mind any previous crime and disorder/nuisance concerns there may have been.
- 4.33 It therefore also recognises that, within the Cumulative Impact Policy areas, it may be able to approve licences that are unlikely to add significantly to the existing problems, and will consider the circumstances of each individual application on its merits.
- 4.34 In addition to the cumulative impact zones listed above, the Council is aware of concerns amongst responsible authorities and residents about the number of shops licensed to sell alcohol for consumption off the premises in certain other areas of the borough and the impact they may be having on crime and disorder. It is not intended at this time to introduce cumulative impact zones in these areas, however, they will be monitored and assessed regularly and should concerns increase, consideration will given to formally identifying them as cumulative impact zones. For the time being, those areas will be classed as special stress areas and they are as follows:
  - High Street & Portland Road, South Norwood
  - Lower Addiscombe Road
- 4.35 The Council acknowledges that the licensing function cannot be used for the general control of anti-social behaviour by individuals once they are beyond the direct control of the licensee of any premises concerned and that apart from the licensing function, there are a number of other measures available for addressing issues of unruly behaviour that can occur away from licensed premises.
- 4.36 In recognising the importance of such measures, the Council will continue to seek further improvements to those already achieved in respect of planning controls and working in partnership with local businesses and transport operators on a number of measures to create a safe and clean environment in the following areas:
  - Provision of extensive CCTV and radio communication systems
  - Improvements to street lighting

- Rubbish collection and street cleaning
- Provision of better late night bus, tram, rail and taxi/minicab services
- Provision of Police Officers/street and litter wardens
- Designation of areas within the borough, as part of a Public Space Protection Order, where alcohol may not be consumed publicly and monitoring the possible need for future designations in other parts of the borough\*
- Working in partnership with Croydon Borough Police on law enforcement issues relating to disorder and anti-social behaviour. These include the use of powers to issue fixed penalty notices, prosecuting those selling alcohol to people who are underage and/or drunk, confiscating alcohol from adults and children in designated areas and instant closure of licensed premises or temporary events on the grounds of disorder, or likelihood of disorder or excessive noise from the premises
- Working in partnership with Licensees and expecting them to support existing and future agreed measures set up to promote the strategic objectives for crime and disorder reduction within the Borough
- Acknowledging the powers of the police or other responsible authorities, or a local resident or business under the 2003 Act, to seek a review of the licence or certificate

\*Would existing licence/certificate holders and new applicants please note that a number of areas within the borough of Croydon are to lie within Public Space Protection Orders (PSPO's) that may control the consumption of alcohol in public areas. Please contact the Council's licensing team if you wish to discuss how such orders may affect licensed premises.

#### 5. LICENSING OBJECTIVES and OPERATING SCHEDULES

- 5.1.1 The following sections set out the Council's Policy relating specifically to the four Licensing Objectives:
  - the prevention of crime and disorder
  - public safety
  - the prevention of public nuisance
  - the protection of children from harm
- 5.1.2 In each section the Council defines its intended outcome and lists the factors that may influence achieving that particular objective, but because of the wide variety of premises and activities to which this Policy applies, the lists provided are not exhaustive. Applicants will know their premises best and will be expected to address all aspects relevant to the individual style and characteristics of their premises and events.
- 5.1.3 Further, each section lists possible control measures to assist applicants, but again these lists are not exhaustive. Also, many of the control measures achieve more than one Objective but have not been listed under each Objective and applicants do not need to mention a control measure more than once in their Operating Schedule.

#### 5.2 Crime and Disorder

- 5.2.1 Croydon Council is committed to reducing crime and disorder within the Borough and creating an environment where people feel safe.
- 5.2.2 In addition to the requirements under the 2003 Act for the Council to promote the licensing objective of preventing crime and disorder, it also has a duty under Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 to do all it reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder in the Borough.
- 5.2.3 Licensed premises, especially those offering late night/early morning entertainment, alcohol and/or refreshment, can be a source of crime and disorder problems.
- 5.2.4 The Council considers that the promotion of the Licensing Objective to prevent crime and disorder also places a responsibility on licence holders to work in partnership to achieve this Objective.
- 5.2.5 The Council will expect applicants to demonstrate in their Operating Schedule that suitable and sufficient measures have been identified and will be implemented and maintained so as to minimise or prevent crime and disorder in and around the vicinity of their premises and events.
- 5.2.6 The Licensing Authority recommends that for certain events, a comprehensive risk assessment is undertaken by premises licence applicants & holders to ensure that crime and disorder and public safety matters are identified and addressed. For larger public events, including those in open spaces and for premises that wish to stage promotions or events, the Licensing Authority recommends that licence applicants and holders address Risk Assessment and post event debrief processes in their application operating schedule/event planning.
- 5.2.7 Applicants and premises licence holders may wish to engage the services of suitably trained individuals or companies to assist them in this risk assessment process. In addition, they may seek guidance and advice from the Licensing Authority or the Metropolitan Police regarding the process, although the responsibility for undertaking the risk assessment remains with the Applicant/Premises License holder as neither body is able to actually undertake such risk assessments for applicants/licence holders. Applicants and premises licence holders are also reminded that the Licensing Authority is not able to recommend the services of a particular individual or company for this purpose.

- 5.2.8 Drugs, violence, anti social behaviour and theft of customers property are examples of crime and disorder issues which may be addressed by the following examples of recommended management practice being included in operating schedules, having due regard to the type of premises and/or activities:
  - effective and responsible management and supervision of the premises, including associated open areas, appropriate storage of alcohol, discouraging loitering/consuming alcohol outside the premises, ensuring opening hours are adhered to
  - participation in responsible management schemes such as the 'Best Bar None' accreditation/award scheme
  - appropriate instruction, training and supervision of those employed or engaged to prevent incidents of crime and disorder
  - adoption of existing and future best practice guidance (e.g. Safer Clubbing, the National Alcohol Harm Reduction Toolkit and other recognised codes of practice including those relating to drinks' promotions, i.e. The Point of Sale Promotions published by the British Beer and Pub Association and cheap drinks deals/Happy Hours)
  - acceptance of accredited 'proof of age' documentation, as recognised by the Council in consultation with the Police
  - maintaining appropriate signage and a refusals log
  - employment of sufficient SIA licensed door staff, i.e. within nationally accepted standards
  - provision of toughened or plastic glasses
  - provision of secure deposit boxes for confiscated items as recognised by the Council in conjunction with the Police
  - provision of litter bins and security measures, such as lighting outside premises
  - Other schemes including only purchasing alcohol from authorised wholesalers, not selling certain alcohol types/strengths (e.g. high strength beers/ciders or single cans above 6% ABV), restricting sales on certain alcohol types (e.g. miniature spirits), allowing a 'track and trace' identifier on products so Police/Trading Standards can identify which offlicence seized alcohol is from, signing up to local responsible retailer schemes
  - Provision of closed circuit television, with cameras covering relevant internal and external areas (including beer gardens) and entrances/exits to premises

Note: As this Policy applies to a wide range of premises and activities, the above list will not be applicable in all cases and in some cases additional matters may need addressing.

5.2.9 Additionally, when preparing their Operating Schedules, applicants are recommended to seek advice from the Council Licensing Team and Croydon Police Licensing and/or Crime Prevention Officers, as well as taking into account, as appropriate, local planning and transport policies, and, tourism, cultural and crime prevention strategies.

5.2.10 Where relevant representations have been made, the Council will consider attaching conditions to licences and permissions to deter and prevent crime and disorder both inside and immediately outside the premises.

# 5.3 Public Safety

- 5.3.1 The Council is committed to ensuring that the safety of any person visiting or working in licensed premises is not compromised. To this end, applicants will be expected to demonstrate in their Operating Schedule that suitable and sufficient measures have been identified and will be implemented and maintained to ensure public safety, relevant to the individual style and characteristics of their premises and events.
- 5.3.2 The 2003 Act covers a wide range of premises that require licensing, including, cinemas, concert halls, theatres, nightclubs, public houses, off licences, cafés/restaurants, fast food outlets/takeaways and sometimes open spaces.
- 5.3.3 Each of these types of premises present a mixture of different risks, with many common to most premises and others unique to specific operations. These will range from fire safety, including fire precautions and means of escape arrangements in all types of premises, to the use of scenery and pyrotechnics in theatres and special lighting effects in night clubs.
- 5.3.4 It is essential that premises are constructed or adapted and operated so as to acknowledge and safeguard occupants against these risks.
- 5.3.5 The following examples of influencing factors are given to assist applicants when addressing the issue of public safety during the preparation of their Operating Schedule:
  - the number of people attending the premises
  - the condition, design and layout of the premises, including the means of escape in case of fire
  - the nature of the activities to be provided, in particular the sale of alcohol and including whether those activities are of a temporary or permanent nature
  - the hours of operation and hours of opening if different
  - customer profile (i.e. age, mobility)
  - the use of special effects such as strobe lighting, lasers, pyrotechnics, smoke machines, foam machines etc.
- 5.3.6 Public safety issues may be addressed by the following examples of recommended management practice being included in operating schedules, having due regard to the type of premises and/or activities:
  - effective and responsible management of premises
  - provision of a sufficient number of people employed or engaged to secure the safety of everyone attending the premises or event, i.e.

- number of door supervisors within nationally accepted standards (and having SIA accreditation where necessary)
- appropriate instruction, training and supervision of those employed or engaged to secure the safety of everyone attending the premises or event
- suitable customer-care policies for assisting lone customers taken ill or injured etc. at the premises
- provision of effective CCTV in and around premises
- provision of toughened or plastic glasses
- implementation of crowd management measures
- regular testing (and certification where appropriate) of procedures, appliances, systems etc. pertinent to safety codes and standards

Note: As this Policy applies to a wide range of premises and activities, the above list will not be applicable in all cases and in some cases additional matters may need addressing.

- 5.3.8 Additionally, when preparing their Operating Schedules, applicants are recommended to seek advice from the Council's Health and Safety Officers and the London Fire Brigade.
- 5.3.9 The Council will consider attaching Conditions to licences and permissions to promote public safety.

# **5.4 Prevention of Public Nuisance**

- 5.4.1 The Council recognises the need to protect the amenities of people living, visiting and working in the vicinity of licensed premises, whilst balancing the rights of businesses to develop.
- 5.4.2 Licensed premises, especially those operating late at night and in the early hours of the morning, can give rise to a range of public nuisances which may impact adversely on local communities.
- 5.4.3 These concerns mainly relate to noise and disturbance, light pollution, noxious smells, litter and anti-social behaviour and due regard will be taken on the impact these may have.

# **LICENSING HOURS**

- 5.4.4 The Council will generally deal with the issue of licensing hours having due regard to the individual merits of each application, considering the potential for nuisance associated with the style, characteristics and activities of the business and examining any steps that might reduce the risk of nuisance.
- 5.4.5 The Council recognises that longer licensing hours for the sale of alcohol will avoid concentrations of people leaving premises at the same time, which is necessary to reduce the potential for friction at late night fast food outlets, taxi ranks/minicab offices and other sources of transport that can lead to disorder and disturbance.

- 5.4.6 The Council will not set fixed trading hours within designated areas ("zoning") as it recognises this could lead to significant movements of people across boundaries at particular times seeking premises opening later and would lead to the peaks of disorder and disturbance the Council is trying to avoid. Additionally, this would seemingly treat residents in one area less favourably than those in another.
- 5.4.7 However, although the Council will treat each case on its individual merits, generally it will not grant permission for licensable activities beyond 2330 hours on Sundays to Thursdays and Midnight on Fridays and Saturdays in respect of public houses situated in areas having denser residential accommodation. The Council would expect good reasons to be given to support any application for extensions beyond these hours, including addressing possible disturbance to residents and local parking. Additionally, in these areas, consideration will be given to imposing stricter conditions in respect of noise control.

# SHOPS, STORES AND SUPERMARKETS

- 5.4.8 The Council acknowledges that the Guidance issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 states that shops, stores and supermarkets should normally be free to provide sales of alcohol for consumption off the premises at any times when the retail outlet is open for shopping unless there are good reasons, based on the licensing objectives, for restricting those hours.
- 5.4.9 However, there is local concern about crime and disorder associated with shops licensed to sell alcohol off the premises. Accordingly, while the Council will treat each case on its individual merits there will be a presumption that permitted hours for the sale of alcohol will be restricted to between 8am and 11.30pm on Sunday to Thursday and 8am to midnight on Friday and Saturday in respect of shops in residential areas or within one of the four relevant Cumulative Impact Zones where representations are made by the police and/or local residents and where premises are shown to be a focus of crime, disorder or nuisance. Applications to vary the permitted hours for the sale of alcohol off the premises within the above hours shall similarly be treated on their merits

# PREVENTION OF PUBLIC NUISANCE - GENERALLY

- 5.4.10 The Council will expect applicants to demonstrate in their Operating Schedule that they have identified satisfactory measures and will implement and maintain these so as to prevent public nuisance, having due regard to the style, characteristics and activities of their particular premises and events and of the locality.
- 5.4.11 The following examples of influencing factors are given to assist applicants when addressing the issue of the prevention of public nuisance during the preparation of their Operating Schedule:
  - the location of the premises and proximity to residential or other noise sensitive premises

- effective and responsible management and supervision of the premises and associated open areas
- the hours of opening
- the nature of the activities to be provided and their location within the premises, the customer profile, whether the activities are temporary or permanent and whether they are to be held inside or outside
- the design and layout of the premises and in particular the presence of noise limiting features
- the number of people attending the premises
- the availability of public transport
- a 'wind down' period between the end of the licensable activities and the closure of the premises
- a 'last admission time' policy
- 5.4.12 Public nuisance issues may be addressed by the following examples of recommended management practice being included in operating schedules, having due regard to the type of premises and/or activities:
  - effective and responsible management and supervision of the premises, including any outside areas
  - appropriate instruction, training and supervision of staff to prevent public nuisance
  - adoption of current best practice guidance (i.e. Good Practice Guide on the Control of Noise from Pubs and Clubs produced by the Institute of Acoustics), including designing shop fronts so as to limit noise nuisance from premises, i.e. from opening windows or continental-style concertina doors
  - control of opening hours for all or part (i.e. garden areas) of the premises
     including other times when deliveries take place/rubbish and bottles are binned and the operation of generating plant and equipment
  - installation of acoustic insulation, suitably controlled, sited and silenced ventilation or air conditioning systems and sound insulation and limiting devices
  - managing people, including staff and traffic, arriving and leaving the premises, including patrolling entrance queues
  - managing the departure of customers
  - liaising with transport providers
  - siting and operation of necessary external lighting, including security lighting, with the possible nuisance to nearby properties
  - suitable arrangements for collection and disposal of litter, including bottles, so as to minimise disturbance to nearby properties
  - no flyposting of events/careful distribution of flyers, including by promoters
  - effective ventilation systems to prevent nuisance from odour

Note: As this Policy applies to a wide range of premises and activities, the above list will not be applicable in all cases, and in some cases additional matters may need addressing.

- 5.4.13 Additionally, when preparing their Operating Schedules applicants are recommended to seek advice from Council Pollution Enforcement Officers.
- 5.4.14 The Council will consider attaching Conditions to licences and permissions to prevent public nuisance.

# 5.5 Protection of Children from Harm

#### **ACCESS TO LICENSED PREMISES**

- 5.5.1 The wide range of premises that require licensing means that children can be expected to visit many of these, often on their own, to buy food and/or for entertainment.
- 5.5.2 Although the 2003 Act details certain age and/or time limitations on the admission of accompanied or unaccompanied children to certain types of licensed premises, the Council recognises that additional limitations may have to be considered where it appears necessary to protect them from physical, moral or psychological harm.
- 5.5.3 The Council will consider the merits of each application before deciding whether to impose conditions limiting the access of children to individual premises.
- 5.5.4 While no policy can anticipate every situation, the following are examples of premises that will raise concern:
  - where entertainment or services of an adult or sexual nature is commonly provided;
  - where there have been convictions of members of the current staff at the premises for serving alcohol to minors or with a reputation for underage drinking;
  - with a known association with drug taking or dealing;
  - where there is a strong element of gambling on the premises (but not, for example, the simple presence of a small number of cash prize gaming machines); and
  - where the supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises is the exclusive or primary purpose of the services provided at the premises.
  - 5.5.5 When dealing with a licence application where limiting the access of children is considered necessary, the Council may consider any of the following options, in combination where appropriate:
    - limitations on the hours when children may be present;
    - limitations on the exclusion of the presence of children under certain ages when particular specified activities are taking place;
    - limitations on the parts of premises to which children might be given access:
    - age limitations (below 18);

- requirements for an accompanying adult (including for example, a combination of requirements which provide that children under a particular age must be accompanied by an adult); and
- full exclusion of people under 18 from the premises when any licensable activities are taking place.
- 5.5.6 The Council will not impose conditions on licences or certificates requiring that children be admitted to any premises and, where no limitation is imposed, this will be left to the discretion of the individual licensee. However, where applicants volunteer prohibitions and limitations in their operating schedules and no relevant representations have been made to the Council, these will become conditions attached to the licence/certificate conditions and will be enforceable as such.

# **RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY**

5.5.8 The Council recognises the Croydon Children's Safeguarding Board and any successor groups to be the 'responsible authority' competent to advise on matters relating to the 'protection of children from harm', and to whom copies of applications should be sent.

#### CHILDREN IN LICENSED PREMISES - GENERALLY

- 5.5.13 The Council will expect applicants to demonstrate in their Operating Schedule that suitable and sufficient measures have been identified and will be implemented and maintained to protect children from harm, having due regard to the style, characteristics and activities of their particular premises and/or events.
- 5.5.14 Whilst children may be adequately protected from harm by the action taken to protect adults, they may also need special consideration and no policy can anticipate every situation. Applicants should consider the following influencing factors, for which there is the potential for children to be exposed, when addressing the issue of protecting children from harm during the preparation of their Operating Schedule:
  - drugs, drug taking or drug dealing
  - gambling
  - activities of an adult or sexual nature
  - incidents of violence or disorder
  - environmental pollution such as noise or smoke
  - special hazards such as falls from heights
  - opportunities to purchase, acquire or consume alcohol

Note: A number of these factors are listed in more details in paragraph 5.5.6, but as this Policy applies to a wide range of premises and activities, the above list will not be applicable in all cases, and in some cases additional matters may need addressing.

- 5.5.15 Protection of children from harm issues may be addressed by the following examples of recommended management practice being included in operating schedules, having due regard to the type of premises and/or activities:
  - effective and responsible management of premises
  - provision of a sufficient number of people employed or engaged to secure the protection of children, including child performers, from harm
  - appropriate instruction, training and supervision of those employed or engaged to secure the protection of children from harm
  - adoption of best practice guidance (Public Places Charter)
  - limitations on the hours when children may be present in all or parts of the premises
  - limitations or exclusions by age when certain activities are taking place
  - imposition of requirement for children to be accompanied by an adult
  - appropriate instruction and training for counter staff in the prevention of underage sales, including acceptance of accredited 'proof of age' identification, such as a photo card driving licence, a passport, a citizens card, a validate card or a scheme which carries the PASS hologram logo and keeping a 'refusal' book.
- 5.5.16 Additionally, when preparing their Operating Schedules, applicants are recommended to seek advice from Council Licensing and Child Protection Officers.
- 5.5.17 The Council will consider attaching Conditions to licences and certificates to protect children from harm.
- 5.5.18 While the Council expects Licence holders to comply with the law, the 2003 Act details a number of specific offences designed to protect children in licensed premises and the Council will work closely with the police to ensure the appropriate enforcement of the law, especially relating to the underage sale and supply of alcohol to children.

#### 6. INTEGRATING STRATEGIES and AVOIDING DUPLICATION

- 6.1 There are many stakeholders in the leisure industry covering a wide range of disciplines and although their strategies are not always directly related to the promotion of the licensing objectives, they often indirectly impact upon them.
- 6.2 The Council therefore acknowledges the importance of co-ordinating and integrating these policies, strategies and initiatives and will maintain multi-disciplinary working groups to ensure its licensing policy integrates with local crime prevention, planning, transport, tourism, race equality schemes and cultural strategies, as well as any other plans relating to the management of the town centre and the night-time economy.

# **CRIME PREVENTION**

6.3 Conditions attached to Licences and Certificates will, so far as possible, reflect local crime prevention strategies. Examples of such conditions can be found

in the Pool of Conditions relating to prevention of crime and disorder contained in the Statutory Guidance to the Act.

#### **CULTURAL STRATEGIES**

- 6.4 The Council will make arrangements to monitor the impact of licensing on regulated entertainment, particularly live music, ensuring that only necessary, proportionate and reasonable licensing conditions impose any restrictions on such events.
- 6.5 Where there is any indication that such events are being deterred by licensing requirements, the statement of licensing policy will be examined to see if the situation might be reversed.

#### PLANNING AND BUILDING CONTROL

- 6.8 The Council recognises that there should be a clear separation of the planning, building control and licensing regimes in order to avoid duplication and inefficiency.
- 6.9 Licensing applications will not be a re-run of the planning application and will not cut across decisions made by the planning committee or permissions granted on appeal.
- 6.10 The Council will however expect applications for premises licences or for a variation to an existing premises licence at permanent commercial premises to be from businesses having the relevant planning consent for the property concerned. In addition, persons submitting temporary event notices should ensure the premises in question has the requisite planning consent for the proposed activities and hours of operation. Where this is not the case, applicants will be expected to show good reason why the premises do not have planning permission.
- The Croydon Local Plan sets out the criteria that will be used to assess planning applications for any changes of use that require planning permission. Some changes of use do not require planning permission but an application for prior approval may be required to ascertain whether there are matters related to the change of use that do require planning permission. Applicants should contact the Council's Development Management service at <a href="mailto:development.management@croydon.gov.uk">development.management@croydon.gov.uk</a> with any enquiries related to planning applications or the prior approval process.
- Any application for planning permission will be expected to take into account the impact of noise and fumes (and other forms of potential nuisance) on neighbouring premises and to provide details of any mitigating measures, as applicable.
- 6.13 The Council will ensure that if requested, reports will be sent from the licensing committee to the planning committee advising them of the situation regarding

licensed premises in Croydon, including the general impact of alcohol related crime and disorder, to assist them in their decision-making.

#### ADVANCING EQUALITY

- 6.14 The Council recognises its legal obligation under the Equality Act 2010 to eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations between people who share a characteristic and those who don't.
- 6.15 The Council will assess and consult on the likely impact and monitor for any adverse impact on the advancement of equality which may arise as a result of this Policy Document and will publish the results.

#### **DUPLICATION**

- 6.16 The Council will, so far as possible, avoid duplication with other legislation and regulatory regimes that already place obligations on employees and operators, e.g. the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974, the Environmental Protection Act 1990, the Regulatory Reform Fire Safety Order 2005 and the Equality Act 2010 in respect of accessibility for disabled people.
- 6.17 Conditions relating to public safety will only be attached to premises licences and club premises certificates where considered necessary for the promotion of that licensing objective and not covered by any other legislation and where regulations do not cover the unique circumstances of certain licensable activities in specific premises.
- 6.18 The Council acknowledges that bingo clubs are dealt with under the Gambling Act 2005 and will have due regard to the relevant advice regarding duplicating licence conditions which has been given under both this legislation and the 2003 Act when dealing with applications relating to alcohol, regulated entertainment or late night refreshment under the 2003 Act.

# 8. TEMPORARY EVENT NOTICES

- 8.1 Certain temporary events do not require a licence and can be notified to the Council by a Temporary Event Notice giving a minimum of 10 working days notice or in the case of a 'Late' Temporary Event Notice, between 9 and 5 working days notice.
- 8.2 However, bearing in mind the scale, location or timing of the event it is considered that this may not allow sufficient time for organisers to carry out full and proper risk assessments and undertake discussion on the possible crime and disorder, public nuisance and/or health and safety issues with the Council, Police and any other interested parties.
- 8.3 The Council therefore recommends that, in order to ensure that events can take place with the minimum of risk, at least 28 days notice is given. Also,

bearing in mind that it may be difficult to assess an event too far in advance, it recommends that normally, not more than 90 days notice is given.

#### 9. STANDARDISED CONDITIONS

9.1 Where Conditions are properly attached to licences or certificates they will be tailored to the individual style and characteristics of the particular premises and events concerned.

# 10. ENFORCEMENT

- 10.1 It is essential that licensed premises are maintained and operated so as to ensure the continued promotion of the licensing objectives and compliance with the specific requirements of the 2003 Act and it is the responsibility of premises licence holders and designated premises supervisors (where applicable) to ensure this happens and that regulatory compliance is maintained. The Council and its partners will make arrangements to monitor premises and take appropriate enforcement action to ensure this but enforcement action should be considered to be the last resort and such intervention should not be necessary where premises are operated & managed effectively.
- 10.2 Each of the Responsible Authorities under the Act may make representations on an application or seek a review of a premises licence/club premises certificate, based on concerns around any of the licensing objectives. That said, it is anticipated that specific responsible authorities will take a central advisory & enforcement role, as necessary, with regard to relevant licensing objectives, for example
  - Prevention of crime and disorder Police
  - Prevention of Public Nuisance Council Environmental Health (Pollution) Team and the Planning Department
  - Public Safety Council Food & Safety Team or HSE (as applicable) and the LFB
  - Protection of Children from Harm Croydon Children's Safeguarding Board, Police and the Trading Standards Team
- 10.3 Under the London Borough of Croydon Licensing Act 2003 Enforcement Protocol, originally approved by the Council's substantive Licensing Committee on 21 June 2006, using the principles of risk assessment, the Council will work closely with the responsible authorities in enforcing licensing law and inspecting licensed premises. This should ensure that resources are more effectively concentrated on problem and high risk premises. This Protocol shall be reviewed, through a separate process to this policy review in the coming months and an updated version shall be available from the Council Licensing Team and posted on the Council's website.

- 10.4 The Council will carry out its regulatory functions in accordance with good enforcement practice and particular regard will be had to fundamental principles. In that regard, Enforcement shall be:
  - Targeted
  - Consistent
  - Transparent
  - Proportionate
  - Necessary

Any enforcement activity shall be undertaken in a fair, open and consistent manner in conformity with the above principles.

The Home Office has produced Guidance under Section 182 of the Act and the following paragraphs from that Guidance are considered particularly relevant to this matter.

#### **ROLE OF THE LICENSING AUTHORITY**

7.28 If the licensing authority receives an objection notice from the police or EHA that is not withdrawn, it must (in the case of a standard TEN only) hold a hearing to consider the objection unless all parties agree that this is unnecessary. The licensing committee may decide to allow the licensable activities to go ahead as stated in the notice. If the notice is in connection with licensable activities at licensed premises, the licensing authority may also impose one or more of the existing licence conditions on the TEN (insofar as such conditions are not inconsistent with the event) if it considers that this is appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives. If the authority decides to impose conditions, it must give notice to the premises user which includes a statement of conditions (a "notice (statement of conditions)") and provide a copy to each relevant party. Alternatively, it can decide that the event would undermine the licensing objectives and should not take place. In this case, the licensing authority must give a counter notice.

# POLICE AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INTERVENTION

- 7.32 The system of permitted temporary activities gives police and EHAs the opportunity to consider whether they should object to a TEN on the basis of any of the licensing objectives.
- 7.34 Where a standard TEN was given, the licensing authority must consider the objection at a hearing before a counter notice can be issued. At the hearing, the police, EHA and the premises user may make representations to the licensing authority. Following the hearing, the licensing authority may decide to impose conditions which already apply to an existing premises licence or club premises certificate at the venue or issue a counter notice to prevent the event going ahead.

# **MODIFICATION**

7.37 As noted above, the police or EHA (as "relevant persons") may contact the premises user to discuss their objections and try to come to an agreement which will allow the proposed licensable activities to proceed. The TEN can be modified (for example, by changing the details of the parts of the premises that are to be used for the event, the description of the nature of the intended activities or their duration). The other relevant person has to agree for the modification to be made.

# **APPLYING CONDITIONS TO A TEN**

- 7.38 The 2003 Act provides that only the licensing authority can impose conditions to a TEN from the existing conditions on the premises licence or club premises certificate at the venue. The licensing authority can only do so:
  - if the police or the EHA have objected to the TEN;
  - if that objection has not been withdrawn;
  - if there is a licence or certificate in relation to at least a part of the premises in respect of which the TEN is given;
  - and if the licensing authority considers it appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives to impose one or more conditions.
- 2.2 All relevant parties have been made aware of the date, time and location of the Sub Committee meeting.





Croydon
Temporary Event Notice
Licensing Act 2003

For help contact licensing@croydon.gov.uk
Telephone: 020 8760 5466

www.croydon.gov.uk

\* required information Section 1 of 9 You can save the form at any time and resume it later. You do not need to be logged in when you resume. This is the unique reference for this System reference Not Currently In Use application generated by the system. You can put what you want here to help you Your reference track applications if you make lots of them. It is passed to the authority. Put "no" if you are applying on your own Are you an agent acting on behalf of the applicant? behalf or on behalf of a business you own or Yes ○ No work for. **Applicant Details** \* First name Fouleymata \* Family name SEAKA You must enter a valid e-mail address \* E-mail Main telephone number Include country code. Other telephone number Indicate here if the applicant would prefer not to be contacted by telephone Is the applicant: Applying as a business or organisation, including as a sole trader A sole trader is a business owned by one person without any special legal structure. Applying as an individual Applying as an individual means the applicant is applying so the applicant can be employed, or for some other personal reason, such as following a hobby. **Applicant Business** Is the applicant's business Yes C No Note: completing the Applicant Business registered in the UK with section is optional in this form. Companies House? Registration number 09842560 If the applicant's business is registered, use **Business** name Les Calices Restaurant Itd its registered name. Put "none" if the applicant is not registered VAT number 244372904 for VAT.

Continued from previous page			
Legal status	Private Limited Company	1	
	Frivate Limited Company	J	
Applicant's position in the business	Director		
Home country	United Kingdom	The country where the applicant's headquarters are.	
Registered Address		Address registered with Companies House.	
Building number or name	89		
Street	Lower Addiscombe road		
District			
City or town			
County or administrative area			
Postcode	CR0 6PT		
Country	United Kingdom		
Agent Details			
* First name	ROBERT		
* Family name	SUTHERLAND		
You must enter a valid e-mai	l address		
* E-mail			
Main telephone number	Company	Include country code.	
Other telephone number			
☐ Indicate here if you wou	ld prefer not to be contacted by telephone		
Are you:			
<ul><li>An agent that is a busine</li></ul>	ess or organisation, including a sole trader	A sole trader is a business owned by one	
person without any special legal structure.  A private individual acting as an agent			
Agent Business			
Is your business registered in the UK with Companies House?	Yes	Note: completing the Applicant Business section is optional in this form.	
Registration number	10297529		
Business name	Licenses-r-us	If your business is registered, use its registered name.	
VAT number	none	Put "none" if you are not registered for VAT.	

Continued from previous page		
Legal status	Private Limited Company	
Your position in the business	Licensing CONSULTANT	
Home country	United Kingdom	The country where the headquarters of your business is located.
Agent Registered Address		Address registered with Companies House.
Building number or name		
Street		
District		
City or town	London	
County or administrative area		
Postcode	entire	
Country	United Kingdom	
Section 2 of 9		
APPLICATION DETAILS (See	also guidance on completing the form, ger	neral notes and note 1)
Have you had any previous or	maiden names?	
C Yes	<ul><li>No</li></ul>	
* Your date of birth	dd mm yyyy	Applicant must be 18 years of age or older
National Insurance number		This box need not be completed if you are an individual not liable to pay UK national insurance.
Place of birth	Shargar States	

Continued from previous page		
Correspondence Address		
Is the address the same as (or s	similar to) the address given in section one?	If "Yes" is selected you can re-use the details
C Yes	• No	from section one, or amend them as required. Select "No" to enter a completely new set of details.
Building number or name	<b>@</b>	
Street	Congressed	
District	London	
City or town		
County or administrative area		
Postcode		a v
Country	United Kingdom	
Additional Contact Details		
Are the contact details the san	ne as (or similar to) those given in section one?	If "Yes" is selected you can re-use the details from section one, or amend them as
	○ No	required. Select "No" to enter a completely new set of details.
You must enter a valid email	address	_
E-mail		
Telephone number		
Other telephone number		
Section 3 of 9		TRANSPORT NEEDS A
THE PREMISES		
activity at the premises describ		ct 2003 of my proposal to carry out a temporary
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nance Survey references). (See also guidance o	
* Does the premises have an a	ddress?	

C No

Yes

Continued from previous page						
Address						
	similar to) the address given in section one?	If "Yes" is selected you can re-use the details from section one, or amend them as				
Yes	○ No	required. Select "No" to enter a completely new set of details.				
* Building number or name	89					
* Street	Lower Addiscombe Road					
District		]				
* City or town	Croydon	]				
County or administrative area		]				
* Postcode	CRO 6PT					
* Country	United Kingdom					
* Does a premises licence or cl to the premises (or any part of	lub premises certificate have effect in relation fthe premises)?					
C Neither © Premise	es licence Club premises certificate					
* Premises licence number	18/02985/LIPREM					
Location Details						
* Provide further details about	the location of the event					
Restaurant and Function Area	a, 89 Lower Addiscombe Road, Croydon CR0 6PT	Γ				
	If you intend to use only part of the premises at this address or intend to restrict the area to which this notice applies, give a description and details below (see also guidance on completing the form, note 3)					
Describe the nature of the pre	mises below (see also guidance on completing	the form, note 4)				
Restaurant and Function Area	;					
Describe the nature of the event below (see also guidance on completing the form, note 5)						
BIRTHDAY PARTY - PRIVATE GUEST LIST - LIMITED TO 100 GUESTS  2 SIA Door Staff will be present						
Conditions attached to the premises licence 18/02985/LIPREM will apply during this event.						

Continued from previous page	
Section 4 of 9	
LICENSABLE ACTIVITIES	
State the licensable activities that you intend to carry on at the premis	ses
(see also guidance on completing the form, note 6):	
The supply of alcohol by or on behalf of a club to, or to the order member of the club	r <b>of, a</b>
☐ The provision of regulated entertainment	(See also guidance on completing the form, note 7).
The provision of late night refreshment	
☐ The giving of a late temporary event notice	Late notices can be given no later than 5 working days but no earlier than 9 working days before the event.  (See also guidance on completing the form,
Event Dates	<u>note 8).</u>
There must be a period of at least 10 working days between the date y when you will be using these premises for licensable activities.	ou submit this form and the date of the earliest event
State the dates on which you intend to use these premises for licensab	ole activities
(see also guidance on completing the form, note 9)	
Event start date  02 / 10 / 2021  dd mm yyyy	The maximum period for using premises for licensable activities under the authority of a temporary event notice is 168 hours or seven days.
Event end date  03 / 10 / 2021  dd mm yyyy	
State the times during the event period that you propose to carry on licensable activities (give times in 24 hour clock) (see also guidance on completing the form, note 10)	
State the maximum number of people at any one time that you intend to allow to be present at the premises during the times when you intend to carry on licensable activities, including any staff, organisers or performers  (see also guidance on completing the form, note 11)	Note that the maximum number of people cannot exceed 499.

Continued from previous page	)e
	include the supply of alcohol, state whether the tion on or off the premises, or both eting the form, note 12):
<ul><li>On the premises only</li></ul>	
○ Off the premises only	
← Both	
Section 5 of 9	
RELEVANT ENTERTAINMENT	(See also guidance on completing the form, note 13)
	es will include the provision of relevant entertainment. If so, state the times during the event rovide relevant entertainment
None	
Section 6 of 9	
PERSONAL LICENCE HOLDER	RS (See also guidance on completing the form, note 14)
Do you currently hold a valid personal licence?  Provide the details of your pe	
Issuing licensing authority	London Borough of Lambeth
Licence number	16/00049LIPERS
Date of issue	22 / 12 / 2018 dd mm yyyy
Any further relevant details	
Section 7 of 9	
PREVIOUS TEMPORARY EVE	NT NOTICES (See also guidance on completing the form, note 15)
Have you previously given a temporary event notice in respect of any premises for events falling in the same calendar year as the event for which you are now giving this temporary event notice?	

Continued from previous page	•				
Have you already given a temporary event notice for the same premises in which the event period:  a) Ends 24 hours or less before; or b) Begins 24 hours or less after the event period proposed in this notice?	C	Yes	•	No	
Section 8 of 9		75 1450 a ID. 1510	Charles to the contract of	10	and the second s
ASSOCIATES AND BUSINESS	COL	LEAGUES	(See also gu	idanc	e on completing the form, note 16)
Has any associate of yours given a temporary event notice for an event in the same calendar year as the event for which you are now giving a temporary event notice?	С	Yes	•	No	
Has any associate of yours already given a temporary event notice for the same premises in which the event period:  a) Ends 24 hours or less before; or b) Begins 24 hours or less after the event period proposed in this notice?	С	Yes	•	No	
Has any person with whom you are in business carrying on licensable activities given a temporary event notice for an event in the same calendar year as the event for which you are now giving a temporary event notice?		Yes	•	No	
Has any person with whom you are in business carrying on licensable activities already given a temporary event notice for the same premises in which the event period:  a) Ends 24 hours or less before; or b) Begins 24 hours or less after the event period proposed in this notice?	О	Yes	•	No	

### Continued from previous page...

#### Section 9 of 9

#### **CONDITION** (See also guidance on completing the form, note 18)

It is a condition of this temporary event notice that where the relevant licensable activities described in Sections 4 and 5 above include the supply of alcohol that all such supplies are made by or under the authority of the premises user.

#### **PAYMENT DETAILS**

This fee must be paid to the authority. If you complete the application online, you must pay it by debit or credit card.

This formality requires a fixed fee of £21

# DECLARATION (See also guidance on completing the form, note 19)

A Temporary Event Notice (TEN) is required for any event which lasts for less than 168 hours (7 days) where alcohol will be sold or supplied, or entertainment or hot food/drink between 23:00 - 05:00. The application must be submitted at least

- 10 clear working days before the date of the event excluding the date of the event. LATE TENS can be submitted between 9 and 5 clear working days before the event but these applications are only accepted under exceptional circumstances. Further information please visit our website www.croydon.gov.uk/business/licences/entertain/ten
- ☐ Ticking this box indicates you have read and understood the above declaration

This section should be completed by the applicant, unless you answered "Yes" to the question "Are you an agent acting on behalf of the applicant?"

\* Full name

\* Capacity

Licensing Consultant

\* Date

16 / 09 / 2021

dd mm yyyy

Add another signatory

Once you're finished you need to do the following:

- 1. Save this form to your computer by clicking file/save as...
- 2. Go back to <a href="https://www.gov.uk/apply-for-a-licence/temporary-event-notice/croydon/apply-1">https://www.gov.uk/apply-for-a-licence/temporary-event-notice/croydon/apply-1</a> to upload this file and continue with your application.

Don't forget to make sure you have all your supporting documentation to hand.



Fouleymata Seaka Les Calices 89 Lower Addiscombe Road Croydon CR0 6PT Public Realm Division Pollution Team Floor 6, zone a,Bernard Weatherill House, 8 Mint Walk Croydon CR0 1EA

Tel: Typetalk: 020 8726 6100

Fax:

Minicom: 020 8760 5797

Contact: eddie.adjei@croydon.gov.uk Your Ref: Our Ref: 19/05601/NOCOM1 Date:20th September 2021

Dear F Seaka

Objection Notice - The Prevention of Public Nuisance (Licensing Act 2003)

Re; Les Calices 89 Lower Addiscombe Road CR0 6PT

I am satisfied that allowing the premises known as 89 Lower Addiscombe ROAD CR0 6PT to be used for licensiable activities on 02-03 October 2021 in conjunction with the Temporary Event Notice received by the Pollution Team on 16<sup>th</sup> September 2021 would undermine the Prevention Of Nuisance Licensing Objective for the following reason

The Pollution team has received several complaints about noise from this premises, and an abatement notice in place at this premises.

The application has not informed the Council Pollution team of adequate measures that have been put in place to mitigate noise and to abate the statutory noise nuisance from the propose event.

.The premises is close proximity to residential dwellings and to allow the use of the premises as applied is more likely to affect residents in the vicinity.

The Croydon Council Pollution Team is hereby putting in this objection notice in order to protect residents from suffering noise nuisance as intended under the Prevention of Public Nuisance licensing objective.

Yours sincerely

Eddie Adjei

Senior Pollution Enforcement Officer



# **PREMISES LICENCE**

Premises licence number		18/02985/LIPREM
Part 1 – Premises details		
Postal address of premises, or if none, ordnance survey map reference or description including Post Town and Post Code 89 Lower Addiscombe Road Croydon CR0 6PT		
Telephone number	N/k	
Where the licence is time limited the dates N/a		
Licensable activities authorised by the licence		
The sale by retail of alcohol.		
The provision of regulated entertainment namely, recorded music.		
The provision of late night refreshment.		

# The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities

The sale by retail of alcohol -

Sunday to Thursday 1100 hours until 2300 hours

Friday & Saturday 1100 hours until 0000 hours (midnight)

The provision of regulated entertainment namely, recorded music.

Sunday to Thursday 1100 hours until 2300 hours

Friday & Saturday 1100 hours until 0000 hours (midnight)

The provision of late night refreshment –

Friday & Saturday 2300 hours until 0000 hours (midnight)

# The opening hours of the premises

Sunday to Thursday 1100 hours until 2300 hours Friday & Saturday 1100 hours until 0000 hours (midnight)

# Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and/or off supplies

On only.

#### Part 2

# Name, (registered) address, telephone number and e-mail (where relevant) of holder of premises licence

Les Calices Restaurant Ltd.

89 Lower Addiscombe Road

Croydon

CR0 6PT

020 8656 2607

# Registered number of holder, for example company number, charity number (where applicable)

09842560

# Name, address and telephone number of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol

Fouleymata Seaka

89 Lower Addiscombe Road

Croydon

CR0 6PT

Personal licence number and issuing authority of personal licence held by designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol

Personal Licence No: 16/00049/LIPERS

Licensing Authority: LB Croydon

Date Original Licence Issued: 20.12.2018
Date This Licence Effective: 20.12.2018

Licensing Manager Place Department

### **Annex 1 - Mandatory conditions**

This licence is granted subject to the terms of the Licensing Act 2003

- No supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence a) at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended.
- **2.** Every supply of alcohol under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence.
- **3.** (1) The responsible person shall ensure that staff on relevant premises do not carry out, arrange or participate in any irresponsible promotions in relation to the premises.
- (2) In this paragraph, an irresponsible promotion means any one or more of the following activities, or substantially similar activities, carried on for the purpose of encouraging the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises—
- (a)games or other activities which require or encourage, or are designed to require or encourage, individuals to—
- (i)drink a quantity of alcohol within a time limit (other than to drink alcohol sold or supplied on the premises before the cessation of the period in which the responsible person is authorised to sell or supply alcohol), or
- (ii)drink as much alcohol as possible (whether within a time limit or otherwise);
- (b)provision of unlimited or unspecified quantities of alcohol free or for a fixed or discounted fee to the public or to a group defined by a particular characteristic in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;
- (c)provision of free or discounted alcohol or any other thing as a prize to encourage or reward the purchase and consumption of alcohol over a period of 24 hours or less in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;
- (d)selling or supplying alcohol in association with promotional posters or flyers on, or in the vicinity of, the premises which can reasonably be considered to condone, encourage or glamorise anti-social behaviour or to refer to the effects of drunkenness in any favourable manner;
- (e)dispensing alcohol directly by one person into the mouth of another (other than where that other person is unable to drink without assistance by reason of disability).
- **4.** The responsible person shall ensure that free potable water is provided on request to customers where it is reasonably available.
- **5.** (1) The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder shall ensure that an age verification policy is adopted in respect of the premises in relation to the sale or supply of alcohol.
- (2) The designated premises supervisor in relation to the premises licence must ensure that the supply of alcohol at the premises is carried on in accordance with the age verification policy.
- (3) The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and either—

- (a)a holographic mark, or
- (b)an ultraviolet feature.
- 6. The responsible person must ensure that—

(a)where any of the following alcoholic drinks is sold or supplied for consumption on the premises (other than alcoholic drinks sold or supplied having been made up in advance ready for sale or supply in a securely closed container) it is available to customers in the following measures—

(i)beer or cider: ½ pint;

(ii)gin, rum, vodka or whisky: 25 ml or 35 ml; and

(iii)still wine in a glass: 125 ml;

(b)these measures are displayed in a menu, price list or other printed material which is available to customers on the premises; and

(c)where a customer does not in relation to a sale of alcohol specify the quantity of alcohol to be sold, the customer is made aware that these measures are available."

### \*Responsible person is defined as:

- (a) In relation to licensed premises:
- (i) The holder of a premises licence in respect of the premises,
- (ii) The designated premises supervisor (if any) under such a licence, or
- (iii) Any individual aged 18 or over who is authorised for the purposes of section 153 (4) of the Licensing Act 2003 by such a holder or supervisor,
- (b) In relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a club premises certificate, any member of officer of the club present on the premises in a capacity which enables him to prevent the supply in question

In respect of the condition governing age verification, there are specific duties relating respectively to the holder of the premises licence or club premises certificate and designated premises supervisor.

**7.** A relevant person shall ensure that no alcohol is sold or supplied for consumption on or off the premises for a price which is less than the permitted price.

For the purposes of the condition set out in the above paragraph

- (a) "duty" is to be construed in accordance with the Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979
- (b) "permitted price" is the price found by applying the formula—

$$P = D + (D \times V)$$

Where —

- (i) P is the permitted price,
- (ii) D is the amount of duty chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the duty were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol, and

- (iii) V is the rate of value added tax chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the value added tax were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol;
- (c) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a premises licence—
- (i) the holder of the premises licence,
- (ii) the designated premises supervisor (if any) in respect of such a licence, or
- (iii) the personal licence holder who makes or authorises a supply of alcohol under such a licence
- (d) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a club premises certificate, any member or officer of the club present on the premises in a capacity which enables the member or officer to prevent the supply in question; and
- (e) "value added tax" means value added tax charged in accordance with the Value Added Tax Act 1994.

# Annex 2 - Conditions consistent with the Operating Schedule

The premises licence holder shall (ensure) -

- 1. Install comprehensive CCTV coverage at the premises and ensure it is operated and maintained at the premises. The cctv system shall be operational at all times, motion sensor equipment may be used if needed to assist with storage space. The licence holder will have 3 months from the date of grant of the premises licence to implement this condition.
- 2. The CCTV system shall conform to the following points:
  - 1. Cameras must be sited to observe the entrance and exit doors both inside and outside.
  - 2. Cameras overlooking floor areas should be wide angled to give an overview of the premises.
  - 3. A good quality Head & Shoulders image should be recorded and stored as per CCTV conditions.
  - 4. Provide a linked record of the date, time and place of any image.
  - 5. Provide good quality images -colour during opening times.
  - 6. Operate under existing light levels at the premises.
  - 7. Have the recording device located in a secure area or locked cabinet.
  - 8. Have a monitor to review images and recorded picture quality.
  - 9. Be maintained annually to ensure continuous quality of image and

capture retention.

- 10. Have signage displayed in the customer area to advise that CCTV is in operation.
- 11. Digital images must be kept for 31 days.
- 12. Police and licensing officers will have access to mages at any reasonable time in accordance with the Data Protection Act 2018.
- 13. The equipment must have a suitable export method e.g.CO/DVD writer so that the police can make an evidential copy of the data they require. This data should be in the native file format, to ensure that no image quality is lost when making the copy, f this format is non-standard (i.e. manufacturer proprietary) then the manufacturer should supply the replay software to ensure that the video on the CO can be replayed by the police on a standard computer. Copies must be made available to Police on request.
- 3. Food will be available at all times that sale of alcohol is authorised up to 30 minutes before close. Alcohol will be ancillary to food.
- 4. An incident log shall be kept at the premises and made available on request to the Police or an authorised officer of the London Borough of Croydon. The log will record the following:
  - Date
  - Time
  - Location
  - Persons concerned
  - Summary of incident
  - · Identification of emergency personnel concerned
  - All crimes reported to the venue
  - All ejections of customers or refusal of entry
  - Any incidents of disorder (disturbance caused by either one person or a group of people).
  - Any faults in the CCTV system or searching equipment or scanning equipment
- \*There is no requirement to record the above incidents where they do not relate to a licensable activity.
  - 5. All customers will be asked to leave guietly.
- 6. Clear and legible notices will be prominently displayed at the exit to remind customers to leave quietly and have regard to our neighbours.
- 7. Save for private pre booked functions alcohol will be sold or supplied to

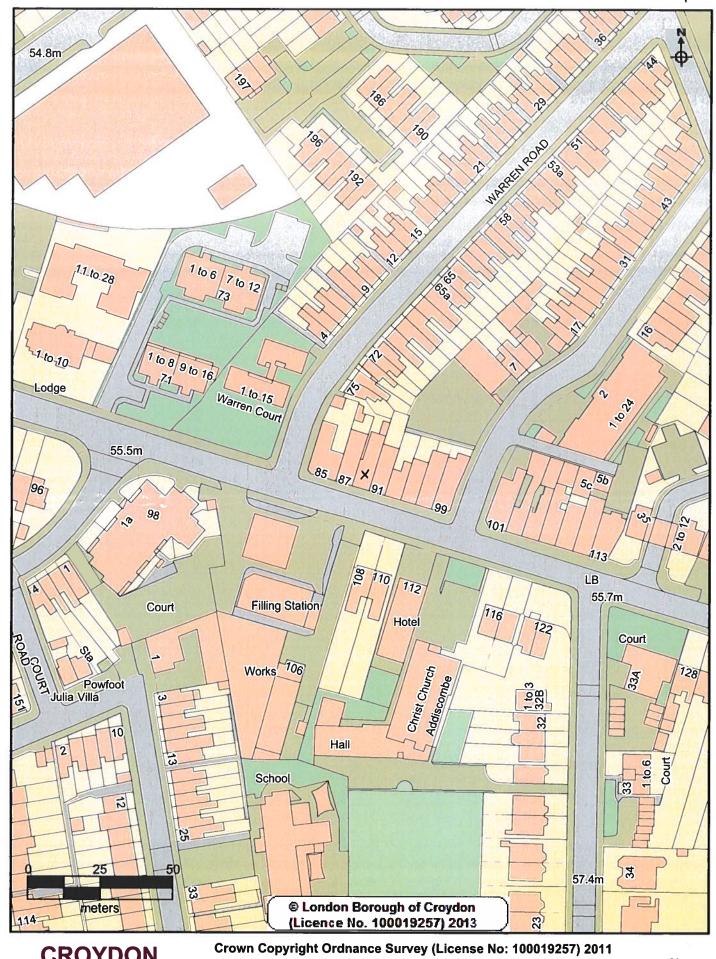
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persons seated at a table or counter by waiter/waitress. With regard to pre booked functions, the booking will be recorded with full name, address and contact details of the person booking and proof of identification and address is to be obtained.

- 8. A challenge 25 or equivalent system will be adopted at the premises.
- 9. Children will only be permitted on the premises under the supervision of an adult at all times.
- 10. Staff dealing with the sale or supply of alcohol will be trained on the challenge 25 policy and on the premises licence conditions. Such training will be provided at induction and refreshed on a 6 monthly basis.
- 11.A record of staff training required under condition 10 will be retained at the premises and produced to the licensing officer and police on request.

Annex 3 - Conditions attached after a hearing by the licensing authority N/a

Annex 4 – Plans Attached



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# **London Borough Croydon**

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